Tilden and which to-day is enjoyed by Grover Cleveland."

PARKER KEEPS CLOSE WATCH ON SITUATION

NEW YORK, October 3.-A glance into NUV YORK, October 3.—A glance into Judgo Parker's private reception room a the Hotel Sevile reveals tical workshop equipped almost as completely as his library at Rosemount. There is needed only a view of the stacks of corrospondence and imposing-looking documents to corroborate the report that the Democratic presidential candidate intends spending a great deal of his time between how and election day in New York, where he can keep in close touch with the campaign.

work takes much of his time, so much in fact, that scores of callers who have no particular business with the candidate are unable to find hi midsengaged. Little of Judge Parker's correspondence is attended to by clerks. Every letter that goes out, unless it be some formal acknowledgment of service, is read and signed by the Judge.

Is Very Circumspect.

Is Very Circumspect.
In this political workshop the candidate the resemblist the righthed man so much hotographed. Frequently he wears a shoed-off sack coat with elbows shiny did thin, and he does not always change his frock when visitors are announced, this apparel he usually toys a pen or needl nervously while talking to visitors, if anxious to ret back to his work. This is as nawspaper men found him day when they were admitted for a nily talk. Little information comes from ese visits. The candidate will discuss a personal plans, but not questions of political character. He has made it ain that matters which might influence the destiny of the campaign should not destiny of the campaign should not be destiny of the campaign should not

ing formally any questions vitally affect-

found time to-day to

ELECT STATE OFFICERS AND AMEND CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA GA. October 2.—All State bificers will be elected and four proposed amendments in the Constitution of Georgia will be passed upon by the people of this Sinte Wednesday.

The election of efficers is purely perfunctor, as it imments only to a confirmation of the recent bemocratic privacy. Bemiestuck have no opposition. The proposed amendments to the Constitution are he fix the maximum limit of the Sinte and rade at five mills; to ine intendments were passed by the Legislature, and will in all proba-y be ratified by the people.

HAVE NO EFFECT ON NOVEMBER ELECTION

NEW HAVEN. CONN., Oct 3.—A net pain of one town to the Democrats and a gain of two towns to the Idense column tells a brief story of the little town elections in Connecticuit to-day. The leaders of both the political parties had stated that the results of to-day's elections could have no bearing on the November election, and their opinion was well founded, the ligures having a purely lowns voted, and of these 128 went Republican, as last year, while the Democrats got thrity-three, as compared with thrity-two last year.

HOKE SMITH SPEAKS.

Declares the Democrats Will Make a Sweeping Victory.

Charlotte, N. C., October 3.—"Tag

NTERESTING FACTS.

INTERESTING FACTS.

For Nearly Every Man. Woman or Child. A short time ago we published an article recommending to our readers the new ciscovery for the cure of Dyspepsia, called the control of the con



they mean lasting comfort, and comfort is the key-note nothing. The period of exclusiveness has passed."

The Democratic party proposes to reform the tariff by a conservative modification of the Dinsley bill.

Third. President Rossevalt lines up his party for a colonial policy supported by an army and navy sufficent to carry out his warlike proclivities. The Democratic party differs radically with him on this subject, and proposes for the Philippine Islands the same treatment we have given to Cuba.

Fourth. The Democratic party repudiates the usurpation of authority by President Rossevelt, whether it involves the arrogation to himself the power to make s dress this season. Call-skin with a dull gloss is the correct wear.

The best Shoes to be had at \$350, as usual. Hanan's and other superior makes; \$5.00 to \$7.00.



licans being responsible for the money standard was worse than a preposterous

majority of whim and iffe from their while heighbors. This daily gid is required on account of the superfor qualities of the white race. Are effort to force equality will necessarily injure the negroes as well as disorganize the relations under which the agricultural and commercial growth of the South must take place.

Under the wise administrations of under the wise administrations of day brought new evidence with problem of the two different races living side by side, was being bandled wisely and just-ly by the stronger race freed from out-side interference. letter of Mr. Carl Schurz, the well known New York statesman, published to-day, will add great strength to the ticket. Smith says that Mr. Schurz is one of the ablest of the independent (hinkers of the country, and what he says always has great weight.

Hoke Smith's Speech.

Mr. Smith, in his speech, said:
The Democratic party, during the first skyly years of the last century was almost continuously in power. Its record was not one of opposition, but of construction

pered. But our system of taxation d'd not foster great monopolies, or take money from the masses to enrich the few. Our tariff taxation was for revenue with only incidental protection. Wo adhered to constitutional government. We conducted no wars of conquest. We regarded international law. The masterful and patriotic service of President Cleveland makes the only Republican administration for the past forty years. We may well compare the record of the Democratic party under Mr. Cleveland with the recept of the Republican party under Mr. Harrison. Mr. Cleveland left the treasury in 1889 with a surplus on hand of \$330,334,916. He had paid on the public debt \$334,343,499. When he returned to office in March, 1895, he found the

public dept 834,343,552, when he returned to office in March, 1853, he found the surplus squandered, and appropriations already made for the ensuing year exceeding the revenue provided to the amount of \$90,900,000.

Excessive Expenditure.

The Republicans had already prepared the plans for a bond issue, which their Roosevelt's administration has exceeded Roosevelt's administration has exceeded the expenditures of the last Cleveland administration to the amount of \$83,000,000. Turing Mr. Harrison's administration the Sherman purchasing act was passed. Under this act four am one-haif million ounces of silver buillon were unmartly clated silver dollars came from a Repub-

end to the coinage of depreciated silver dollars. Thorough study of the cour-

cerats.

The speech of Mr. Roosevelt accepting the nomination for President was conservative. It might almost have come from Judge Parker. The letter of acceptance was more like the "rough rider."

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

Appointment of Russian Commander-in-Chief Soon to be

Republicans have done. He claims that they have made no mistakes and if they are elected they will make no clames of policies.
First Instead of apploatsing for his extravagance, he bonsts of it. In a time of peace he has increased the expenses of our national administration \$211,600,000 over those of President McKinley. The reckless extravagance the Democratic

New Fall Stock of HOUSEFURNISHINGS. **Bridal Suits**

reckless extravagance the Democratic party proposes to stop.
Second. He defends the Dengley bill, and has done nothing to broaden our trade by reclarecity agreements. The Democratic party is here again at issue with the Republicans. It proposes a genuine effort to accomplish reciprocity with Canada and with other countries where practicable. President McKinley, the day he was nurdered, declared:

"The problem of more markets requires our urgent and immediate attention. We cannot repose in fancies security that

our urgent and immediate attention. We cannot repose in fancled security that we can sell anything and buy little or nothing. The period of exclusiveness has passed."

The Democratic party proposes to re-

arrogation to himself the nower to make applicable to pensions of to abrogate treaty obligations with the United States of Columbia. The Democratic party opposes lawlessness and especially on the part of the President.

South Threatened.

After speaking on these four propositions during the latter part of his speech.
Mr. Smith said:
The attitude of the Republican party

The attitude of the Republican party and its candidate for President threatens the peace and tranquility of a great section of the Union, the section known as the South This section was already confronted with a serious problem, the presence of eight million negroes, the large majority of whom need direction in their daily walks of life from their white delibert. This delive also required on

Under the wise administrations of Cleveland, Harrison and McKinley, each

side interference.
As one of the proofs of this fact, it may be mentioned that the white people of the South have paid by voluntary taxes on their property over \$100,000,000 for the education of negro children.
The harm already accomplished by Rocsevelt and the Republicans is serious.

Roosevett and the Republicans is serious.
The South is contributing a full part of the commercial growth of the country.
A blow against our section injures all sections. We should especially ask those interested in Southern investments to reffect upon this situation, before they give approval to the present course of the Republican party and its candidate for President.

nother detachment was driven into the Russian entanglements, where Captain Sychaff's force was walting and con-pleted its rout. Two other attempts made by the Japanese to take the positions

TERRIFIC CARNAGE. Out of Four Thousand Japanese

But One Officer and Eleven

Men Escaped.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Oct. 4.—The Daily Telegraph's Nagasaki correspondent, cabling under date of September 25th, says: "Tertible artillory conflicts are adding to the horrors of the situation at Port Arthur.

horrors of the situation at Port Arthur. On September 22d and 23d, the Russians made sortles against positions held by the aknagawa regiment and desperate fighting ensued. The Japanese force was practically annihilated only one non-commissioned officer and eleven men recogning alive out of the four thousand

who went into the engagement,
"The Japanese tunnel into Port Arthur

THOUSANDS ARE

OAK, WALNUT and MAHOGANY. SPECIAL inducements to NEW BE-GINNERS, whether they contemplate furnishing one room or a house complete.

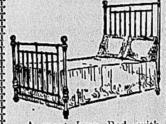
Carpets and Rugs.

plete with a large showing 4 of the most desirable patterns, and so

Popular-Priced, you will find it greatly to

your advantage to buy at THE BIG STORE.

Iron and Brass Beds.



A good Iron Bed, with spring and mattress, full

\$6.00. CREDIT.

RYAN,

General Kuropatkin's line of communi General Kuropatkin's line of communi-cation from the east. It also may con-tain the epotentialities of a big surprise. Ten days ago Kuropatkin and the War-Office were convinced that the Juanees were concentrating at Sianschan and that an immediate advance was imminent in force.

EXPOSE OF

cutor showed some signs of starting af-ter us, but he was bluffed off.

Libels Against Folk.

"When the present prosecutor cult Attorney Folk is meant here) cult Attorney Folk is meant here) com-menced his war on us, we tried to intim-idate him by threats of gesnassination and when this had no effect, we laid all sorts of traps for him, without success. Then some one decided that the best plan would be to start a newspaper and libel him so fiercely as to draw his fire by taking up his time in libel prosecutings; or if he did not, his influence would be weakened and destroyed.

"Although we could find nothing, after thorough search to make attack on, a thorough search to make attack on, libels were deliberately made up for the purpose of affecting public sentiment. This plan was participated in, not only by members of the House of Degisted under indictment for bonding, but by prominent financiers of St. Louis, who feared exposure and by those who gave us the money."

Honor Among Thieves.

Honor Among Thieves.

Of the combine, Kelly, had this to say:
"We never thought of passing a bill out
of which money could be obtained untess we were paid for our votes. We went
about it in a business-like way and had
combine meetings at stated times and
fixed the bribe price, which we were to
receive for our votes by a majority vote
of the combine. Then we would select
one of the combine in whose honesty we
had confidence to go out and get the
money.

"These agents would rarely ever betra "These agents would three year bridge, us. In one or two instances they confiscated part of the money, but as a general rule they were honest with us. Among ourselves, understand, we had a high code of morals and it was considered extremely dishonest for a member of the combine to accept bribe money without

Saulsbury Named Again.

Saulsbury Named Again.

(By Associated Press.)

WILMINGTON. DEL., Oct. 3.—The Democratis State Committive met here to-day and unanimously re-elected Willard. Saulsbury chairman. Chairman Saulsbury recently resigned the chairmanship because of a pressure of private business and James P. Winchester, of this city, was selected to succeed him. Mr. Winchester, however, declined the position for business reasons.

WILL NOMINATE HANSON

Third District Republicans Will Run the Attorney for Congress gress will be called to order at most to-day in the Smithdeal Hall at Multi-hall throad Streets. It is expected that Dis-trict Chairman John G. Luce, of Goodi-land, will call the convention to order. While a permanent chairman has not been agreed upon, it is likely that Mr. John M. Itaall will be named, or at least sus-gested.

The contest for the nonlination will between Mr. George A. Hanson, of the city, and Major Johnson (color, Manchester, it is practically certain if Mr. Hanson will be maned on the fiveliot, if not by acclamation. He has large majority of the delegates.

THE DANGEROUS TO LIBERTY

ceptance, Warns People Against Imperialism.

TARIFF AND THE TRUSTS

Says Some of Latter Are Pernicious and Harmful to General Interest.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) ELKINS, W. VA., October 3.-The let ter of acceptance of the Hon, Henry G. Davis, Democratic nomines for the vicepresidency, was made public Sunday. It

Hon. John Sharp Williams, Chairman, and other members of the committee:
Dear Sirs,—In accordance with custom and my promise when notified by your committee at White Sulphur Springs on August 17th of my nomination for the office of Vice-President, I submit the foliowing observations unqui some of the questions now before the country.

Time Propitious for Change.

The times are propitious for the reinstatement of the Bemocratic purty in control of the government. The public mind is being distillusioned of the pretension of the Republican party, so long and so arrogantly made, that the maerial prospers, of the country depends upon its own ascendancy. Thoughtful and patriotic people are becoming more and more distrustful of the heady and personal element of the present administration, and are more than willing to see it replaced by one that better recognizes constitutional and other lawful restraints. They demand that the present wasteful extravagance in the expenditure of the money, drawn by luxation from the industry of the people, shall cease, and that economy and hones, in the public service shall be again regarded as virtues in the high places of the government. Time Propitious for Change.

Expenses of Government.

The expenditures per capita of the government are increasing at an alarmag rate. When the present administration went into power there was a large surplus, but notwithstanding the enormous taxation, the revenues therefrom are not now adequate to meet the domands made by reckiess appropriations. The revenues fell short during the last fiscal year of over \$40,000,000. In the first skity days of the fiscal year the expendit re exceeded the receipts by \$24,000,000, and it this rate of excess should continue the deficit for the present fiscal year would be in the neighborhood of \$140,000,000. This needless deficit is due to the extravagance of the administration, and can only be met by imposing additional taxes or selling bonds, thereby increasing the interestbearing debt of the government. Which course will the Republicans adopt? The cost of government during the fiscal year was \$7.4 per coults which means that leveland, 1892, \$345,000,000. Per capita,

Army.

Panama.

Throat

Throat affections should never be neglected. Sore throat leads to Guinay and Diphtheria. Its of vital importance to have a remedy at nandam the early singes of troubles of this nature. Many are the doubts that have resulted from a neglected Sore Throat.



C. A Bryant, of Adimas City, Col., wilter, Last summer I suffered constantly with Acre Parcoat and had the best doctors I could get, but they gave the notelled. The first application of Hamlins Wizard Oil gave me relief and by using it a few days I was entirely cured. A bottle of Hamlins Wizard Cil is worth its weight in sold to any ozison.

to any orison.

Henry Wade, of Weshington, La., writes, Sept. 4, 1900: My wife suffered with Sore Tarrout for a year, and though she decirced and decored nothing seemed to help her. I procured a bottle of fiamling Wizard Oll and it has done more good than anything in the world.

There is only one Wizard Oil — Framilius name blown in the bottle. Signature "tiamlin Bros." on wrapper. Take no substitute, 50c, and \$1 00. HAMLINS COUGH BALSAM

Heals the Lungs. Wards off Consumption, 250, 500 Hamlins Blood and Liver Pills
For Torpid Liver and Constitution, 250

SUNT DINAM'S HERB TEA Makes Handsome Women. 250 For Sale and Recommended by

ALL DRUGGISTS

CORDES, MOSBY & CO.

FOR TO-DAY An Extraordinary and Sensational Sale

of Criental Rugs.

An immense assortment to select from. Every one offered in this sale an absolute bargain. We invite an inspection.

Criental Rugs—Antiques and Moderns, All pure Vegetables Dyes Guaranteed.

Cashmere or Sommak Rugs......\$20.00 to \$25.00 Kazokes, Anatolians, Jrans, Kermans and Tebroz.....\$25.00 to \$75.00

Carpet Size Oriental Rugs at Unheard of Prices A Special Money-Saving Opportunity.

Carpet size Oriental Rugs, in colors and designs that will please the most fastidious, value \$150.00 and \$125.00; special.........\$98.00

CORDES, MOSBY & CO.

Imperialism.

These and many other unwarranted things that belong more to an empire than a republe have occurred under the present administration, and brought deep concern and alarm to thoughtful and patriotic minds. They must be regarded as the first fruits of imperialism, and show how first we are drifting toward absolutism and centralized power. The effect of the imperial sto tendency of the Republican party upon our foreign affairs is in opposition to the teachings of the Tounders of the Republic and so impressed was Washington with the imperiance of keeping aloof from the artains of other nations, that in his farewoll afforess he wirned his countrymen especially against foreign entangling alliances. Imperialism is huriful and abhorrent in a free government and subversive of free nstitutions. The policy of imperialism—if it can be said to have a policy—is always dangerous to liherty, its powers are first exercised in far off cerritory and on conquered people, but once adopted for acquired and distant nossess ons, it becomes, sooner or later, the rule of the home government. Diservive and free government have always been secured at the cost of great sacrifices, but history teaches us that both can be easily lost without the knowledge of the people.

Tariff.

Our Federal Constitution has appropriated to the exclusive use of the keneral government the power of indirect taxation, covered by the popular designation of "tariff dutes," in excluding the States from this domain of taxation, there is an implied and wise partition of the taxing power between the States and the Federal government. Except in the exisencies of war the taxing power has been exercised by Congress largely in the direction of the imposition of duties upon imports. No one expects to change this arrangement, which has proven so convenient to the general government and so conductive to the interests in the States, whose resort to other sources of revenue is left untrammeled. Indirect taxation, however convening, needs, by reason of its indirectness, to be watchfully guarded, lest abuses should attach themselves unknown by the people.

troverted. The tar if is undoubtedly too high upon such articles as enables the manufacturer to sell his products abroad chaper than at home. Steel rails are a conspicuous example in this respect. It it admitted that they are being made for \$15 a ton. A few years age they were freely sold in this country at \$17 a ton. They are now selling at the mills here for home consumpt on at \$25 a ton, and for the foreign market at from \$18 to \$22 a ton. The unjust discrimination against our people is made possible only by a tariff that on this article is entirely too high.

The average selling price of a hundred articles, taken principally from the iron and steel list, is found to be about 20 per cent, higher in this country than ultroad. Rollef from these conditions

20 per cent, higher in this country than abroad. Rollef from these conditions will only come through the success of the Democrate party, which stands for a wise, conservative and gradual change in the turiff laws, which win equalizathe burdets of taxation and make honest competition possible. But in making such changes its purpose will be to ligislate with a due regard for the labor and capital involved in industrial enterprises.

Trusts.

It is estimated that there are in the hited States between two and three undred combinations of capital and cor-prate interests, known as trusts, which days from date of saic. Tickets limited and properly and the particular of these from rules and harmiful to the general interest. With the power they are able to exert, they can lessen competition, control prices and regulate to their own advantage the air of supply and demand. Individual effort is helpless against such strong rivals, and the natural right of all persons to barter and trade is unnaturally restricted. The effort of these trusts is to control or monopolizes, and these menopoles, when unrestained, seem to produce conditions which bring about strikes and disturb the business affairs of the country.

Local Self-Government.

Local Self-Government.

Local self-government, that came to use the self-government, that came to use the self-government and the self-government.

Local Self-Government.

Local self-government, that came to us not as the gift of the national government, but as the legitimate outcome of the reserve powers of the States and of the people, is the very corner-stone of our political structure, and the heat as urance of liberty regulated by law, it can only be maintained by strict observance of the limitations of the Feneral Constitution. The Democratic party has always resisted, and will continue to regist, the encroachment by its onemies upon the innaturations right of the Prope of the saveral States. All power co nes from the people, and should be surrendered only in the interests of the people, and whenever this power is used for so lish interests it is not only an abuse, but usur, atton. tion. Arbitration. "

Arbitration.

The declaration in the St. Louis platform in favor of arbitration is one tant appeals to my sense of faltriess. Nations and States have employed to adjanuage this method of settling disputed questions. States have invoked its aid with sood results, and individuals freque tly have soort to it in adjusting questions of difference. The Hague Tribunal, representing the sentiment of conciliation, is this present of the sentiment of conciliation, is the highest practical expression of intelligent inought on this subject. The principes of arbitration are the same, whether governing in the great court of nations or applied in the affairs of industrial Halls is perminent establishment as a part of the industrial system of the country, upon a basis of mutual consent of all parties of a controversy, would insure more friendly relations between employer and employed, for the interest of the workingman and the employer is identical, it affords a safe and equitable method of determining a safe and equitable method of determining the safe and equitable method of determining in the safe and equitable method of determining in the safe and equitable method of determining high principles instead of very and makes for happiness instead of sorrow.

Race Issue.

**Alticovers of their country must depression and the country must depression and country must depress

Race Issue. Altilovers of their country must depre-cate the rehabilitation by the Republican

iy republic, which it was helpless to resent.

Imperialism.

These and many other unwarranted things that belong more to an empire than a republic have occurred under the present administration, and brought deep resent administration, and brought and concern and aliarm to thoughtful and concern and aliarm

graud in the Public Service.

rraud in the Public Service.

Peculation and fraud in the public service under the present administration, especially in the Postoffice and Land Departments, reached such proportions that knowledge of the evils practiced Lee me nublic property. Prosecutions maturally followed, but a thorough and impart at investigation by Congress, proposed and urged by the Democratic minority, warefused by the Republicans at the mandate, it is believed, of the administration. Congress adjourned earlier than at my long session for many years for the purpose, it is believed, of preventing further agitation of the question and in an effort to curtail expenses.

Civil Service.

agitation of the question and in an entore to curtail expenses.

Civil Service.

Offices are created and filled in pursuance of law to carry on the governme tand not to further party ambitions and the selfish purpose of any citizen. Meny of the hundred thousand Federal office-holders, servants of all the people, while under salary, are now vigorously, some covertly and some openly, working and contributing in the present campaign to secure the success of the Republican party, in defiant violation of the civil service laws, rules and regulations. Several members of the Cabinet and other official of the government, forsaking their dutes and the Departments at Washington, are spending their time in making speeches and using all the influence and power of their official positions to cleet their chief.

Judge Parker.

The late Democratic Convention, and its candidate for President, have given signal exhibition of a mutual respect and confidence almost ungrecedented in our political history, and our party has received new inspiration and hope in its appeal to the people, who always apprecia e and admire courage, character and discretion in their leaders. Our candidate has these qualities and can be depended upon at all times to observe that self-control in speech and action which is so necessary to safe reasoning and sound judgment. With unabated trust in the efficiency of the cardinal principles of our great party, when applied to the practical administration of government, to realize the blessings of peace and prosperity for all, and believing that the people will correct the present abuses of administration by a change of party in power, I await with confidence the result of their judgment at the polls.

Very truly yours.

H. G. DAVIS.

Sale of Volcano.

MEXICO CITY, October 3.—The final papers for the transfer of Popocapell were signed to-day by New York parties for the acquisition of the voicano and its immense suspition of the voicano and its immense suspition of the voicano and its immense occupant Sanchez Ochon, a veteran Mexican officer, one of the principal womers of the popriety, received \$300,00 in gold, and will be given 200,000 shares in the with a capital of \$5,000,000.

\$16.00-ROUND - TRIP-\$16.00

WORLD'S FAIR-ST. LOUIS. VIA NORFOLK AND WESTERN RY

Tickets at above rate will be sold every Tuesday and Thursday during the months of September and October, limited to ton days from date of sale. Tickets limited days from date of sale. Ticketa limited to ifficen days, \$21.50; sixty days, \$26; season ticket, \$31.20. These tickets will allow stopover at Summer Resorts between Bedford and Bluefield within final limit of ticket. Two fast vestibuted trains, with through Pullman sleepers, parlor and dining cars. For descriptive matter of the World's Fair and further information, apply at company's office, 538 East Main Street.

JNO E. WAGNER. C. H. BOSLEY.

Prof. Hertz's

Great German Hair Re-storer, Marvelous in its Effects.

Effects, It has never failed to restore gray lair to its original color in a few weeks. For Dandruff and Falling Hair, . Price \$1.00 Per Bottle.

Quarles

Richmond, Va.